18:00	1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
	2	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
	3	DALLAS DIVISION
	4	
	5	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (NUMBER 3: 04-240-G (
	6	VERSUS (
	7	(
	8	HOLY LAND FOUNDATION, ET AL. (October 9, 2007
	9	
18:00	10	CHAMBERS CONFERENCE RE JURY NOTE
	11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE A. JOE FISH
	12	
	13	APPEARANCES:
	14	For the Government: MR. JIM JACKS
	15	MR. BARRY JONAS MS. ELIZABETH SHAPIRO
	16	MR. NATHAN GARRETT Assistant United States Attorney
	17	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
	18	U.S. Courthouse 1100 Commerce Street
	19	Dallas, Texas 75242 214/659-8600
	20	
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	25	Dallas, Texas 75242 214-254-3139	

PROCEEDINGS:

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25 Agent Burns?

THE COURT: As you have been informed, we received a note from the foreperson of jury a short while ago which I don't have in front of me, but it asked in essence, what do we do when a juror refuses to vote. so I asked that note to be distributed to counsel, and I seek your advice as to what we should do next.

MR. WESTFALL: Your Honor, it may be time to issue the Allen charge that's in the Pattern Fifth Circuit Instructions. I think we have at this -- This is our ninth day, and I think the language in that Allen charge is very helpful at redirecting what they should do. is a little bit different than the last note. It's totally unspecific. And we think that's probably the logical next step.

MR. JACKS: Judge, I don't think we're at that stage yet. I think this sounds like it fits the definition of not deliberating, but I'm not sure what the law is, to be honest with you. I'm not up to speed on it in terms of what kind of a record the Court has to have --

MS. HOLLANDER: I'm so sorry to interrupt. I'm questioning why Agent Burns is here. This is just attorneys.

THE COURT: I don't know. Would you excuse us,

18:00 MS. BURNS: Absolutely. 1 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Jacks. 2 3 MR. JACKS: As I said, I'm not up to speed on 4 what the law requires in terms of what the record shows 5 when a jury refuses to deliberate and whether -- I know 6 there has been some discussion about going forward with 7 eleven or bringing in an alternate. But I just think it's a little bit unclear right now about what this -- This 8 note is pretty terse. So we don't know exactly what the 9 10 situation is. 11 MR. JONAS: Mr. Westfall said we're in the ninth 12 day; we're in the fifth day. 13 THE COURT: I was going to say we had to start 14 So that's probably overcounting. over. 18:00 15 MR. WESTFALL: My body tells me it's nine. 16 MS. MORENO: For eleven of the jurors, we're in the ninth day. 17 18 MR. JONAS: Well, it's important for the Allen 19 That's why I raised it. charge. 20 THE COURT: Well, we're near the noon recess. 21 don't think I want to do anything precipitously. Now that 2.2 I have your views, I think I want to think about it and do 23 some research over the noon hour, and if you think of any 24 information or research I should consider, please give it

to me by one o'clock which is when with they go back to

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18:00	1	their deliberations.
	2	MS. MORENO: Your Honor, I'm not sure what
	3	relief the government is requesting.
	4	MR. JACKS: Time to look at the law.
	5	MS. HOLLANDER: So you don't want to do anything
	6	at this point?
	7	MR. JACKS: And then when we find out what the
	8	law is, probably have the Court either question this juror
	9	and see what the problem is or that's, right now, all I
	10	can think of.
	11	MR. WESTFALL: We'll both do research.
	12	MS. HOLLANDER: Your Honor, would it be possible
	13	for us to all research and come back together?
	14	THE COURT: Sure. We may all have different
18:00	15	ideas.
	16	THE COURT: What time do you think we should aim
	17	to reconvene?
	18	MS. HOLLANDER: 12:45.
	19	THE COURT: 12:45 would be ideal in my mind
	20	because that would give us time to talk about it and reach
	21	a decision by one o'clock, but I recognize that's not too
	22	far from now. So there is not a lot of time to research
	23	or reflect on it in the meantime.
	24	MR. WESTFALL: We'll see what we can do.
	25	(Recess)

18:00 1 THE COURT: Is everybody here who's going to be here?

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MR. WESTFALL: I think we are.

MS. HOLLANDER: I think we do.

THE COURT: Since we were last together, Ms.

Piwoni gave me an e-mail that she received from Mr. Jacks enclosing some cases that the government had found on the issue of releasing a juror and/or going forward with eleven jurors, and she just handed me one from Ms. Cadeddu that also has cases. I have seen these just a few minutes ago, and so I have not had a chance to review the cases themselves. In Mr. Jacks's letter, he says he believes the appropriate course of action is for the Court to interview the foreperson and the juror in question separately to determine more about the nature of the problem.

Anyone else have any thoughts about that?

MR. WESTFALL: Your Honor, I don't think that

we're at that point. The Edwards case -- which is one

that we cited -- out of the Fifth Circuit, it speaks to

that issue and incorporates some other cases from outside

the circuit but definitely approves their language, and

the mine field that we start to get into is intrusion into

the deliberative process, and I think this note leaves the

doorway open for that. It's completely different than the

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Sylvester Holmes note. Can I read you just a little bit of language?

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THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. WESTFALL: We're on 733 of the case. Ιn Edwards, we had a juror who did quite a bit of juror misconduct and ultimately was removed for those reasons, and the judge made a particular finding and investigation

as to the fact that this person, Juror Number 68, was not

being released because of his or her views of evidence but

And what the Fifth Circuit did there was to distinguish

because of the misconduct, including lying to the Court.

that set of facts from the set of facts which I think we

have which is a juror -- this vague note about the juror

refusing to vote. And I don't know why the juror is

refusing to vote. And what the case says is the case is

subject to the reasonable probability rule. "In general,

questions of juror bias or competence focus on some event

that's both easily identifiable and subject to

investigation and findings without intrusion into the

deliberative process." I think that is exactly the

situation we have with Sylvester Holmes. I think we have

the opposite situation here where we are subject to the

reasonable probability rule. And what that says is if

there is any reasonable probability that this juror's

attitude is based upon the sufficiency of evidence, one

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way or the other, then that juror cannot be dismissed or released. And quite frankly, getting into that is a mine field that should be approached with a tremendous amount of trepidation. I think that's kind of the situation that we're in right now, that we're poised to get into that deliberative process and that the government's cases don't really address that. A couple of them are cases where the juror became impaired because of mental illness or some sort of a handicap during deliberations. But we have a situation here where we are poised to truly enter into the deliberative process. I think the safe route would be to go ahead and issue an Allen charge and tell them to continue their deliberations, give them some guidance on how to look at the evidence, and if we get some specific note thereafter that says juror so and so is just not going to decide this case or something more specific than what happens if a juror refuses to vote, there is only one way that that could be a reason to remove, and there is almost innumerable that that could not be a reason to remove -- not ready to vote because they haven't discussed it enough, not ready to vote because they don't like the way the other jurors are treating them. All of those reasons would have to do with the sufficiency of the evidence and not some improper reason that amounts to refusing to follow the Court's instructions. You know, it

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has been five days, but you know for eleven of those people it's been nine days, and I just think that an Allen charge from the Court would be the safest and probably the most expeditious route.

MR. JACKS: Judge, I don't think an Allen charge is appropriate at this time because in my experience an Allen charge is given when the jury has said we're deadlocked and we can't break that log jam, and then an Allen charge is given. They are not saying that, and they haven't, much to the frustration of a lot of people. have been back there quietly deliberating for several days. This is the first peep we have heard out of them for five days. I don't know. I understand what Mr. Westfall is talking about in terms of the Court having to be cautious about asking a question that gets over into the deliberative process, but we also I think have an obligation to try to answer their question if we can, and I think an Allen charge is not the answer. It's not --They are not coming back and saying we are deadlocked and we cannot go any further.

So that being said, we've got this question that's been posed to us, and we don't know enough -- The Court doesn't know enough to really answer the question, and I think it's appropriate to make some kind of limited inquiry to find out what is the situation that is meant to

18:00 be reflected in this note. And you know, I agree that the 1 2 Court should probably -- when they talk to either the 3 foreperson -- And our suggestion is to talk to the 4 foreperson since she's the one that wrote this note. 5 Caution her. Look, I don't want to talk about where you 6 are or anything like that. I'm trying just to answer your 7 question. And perhaps just have some prepared questions to ask her and then go from there. I was sitting here a 9 few minutes ago thinking about what kind of questions 10 could you ask that would not be intruding into the 11 deliberative process, and just you know, has this person 12 voted in the past or I think there are questions the Court 13 can ask which will shed some light on this situation, and 14 as I said, I don't think an Allen charge is called for, 18:00 15 but I don't think to ignore this and tell them to keep 16 going is serving any purpose either. 17 MR. WESTFALL: Your Honor, on that last thing 18 Mr. Jacks said, that probably is an option to submit an 19 instruction to the jury saying continue your deliberations 20 and refer them to the last part of the charge that refers 21 to listening to each other and deliberating. 2.2 THE COURT: I don't have the note in front of 23 Again, could I borrow your copy to refresh my 2.4 recollection of what it said?

MS. SHAPIRO: Your Honor, the Fifth Circuit

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cites a case called United States versus Baker which is a Second Circuit, but it's cited by the Fifth Circuit in United States versus Naji, and the Baker cite is 262 F 3rd 124, Second Circuit 2000, and in this case they talk about the issue of the line that the Court needs to be aware of in terms of probing the jury, but it concludes that it's appropriate to make the inquiry when there is a juror who may be refusing to deliberate, and it talks about that circumstance. So I think the cases in the Fifth Circuit certainly seem to say it's important to have a record to make the determination of whether it's truly a refusal to deliberate or participate in the process versus something that's connected to the evidence.

MR. WESTFALL: Out of curiosity, is that a published case?

MS. SHAPIRO: The Baker case is published. Naji is not.

MR. WESTFALL: The Fifth Circuit case is not.

MS. HOLLANDER: I'm not sure that I disagree with Ms. Shapiro if we get to that point. In one of these cases — and I read them pretty fast. And I think it was the Thomas case where it went through the litany the judge had asked. I could be wrong because I read this fast, but I think it was reversed because the judge got into the discussion, and the juror said, Well, I don't like that

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law, and if I'd known that was what it was, I would never have agreed to serve. That clearly got into the jury process and the sufficiency of evidence. And it's the one thing, as Mr. Westfall said, to avoid at all costs.

MS. SHAPIRO: And Baker discusses that case as falling on the other side of the line.

MS. HOLLANDER: That's where we don't want to be. You would be asking the question, so where you don't want to be. And it's very hard to ask the questions and have absolutely no doubt, and I believe Edwards said there can be no doubt that the issue — before the Court removes a juror that the issue doesn't have to do with that juror's weighing of the evidence. But it seems to me — And I agree with Mr. Westfall, there is no — nothing to be lost by telling them what the modified Allen charge — 1.45 which is the Fifth Circuit's pattern Allen charge says, which tells them you have to try to reach a verdict, and if you give them that Allen charge and they come back, you know, and say we still got a juror who refuses to vote, then I think it's time to go to the next step.

MR. GARRETT: As Mr. Jacks says, I do think that accepts that votes are being cast. Here someone is saying I'm not going to participate in the process. The question becomes whether that juror is incapacitated -- physically

18:00 mentally, emotionally -- or saying I'm not going to vote, 1 which is all the same result. If the Court would in its 2 3 remarks to the juror in the beginning preface it by saying 4 these are things I do not want to discuss or want you to 5 remark on, but going back to can you consider the 6 evidence, cast a vote and render a decision in this case, 7 can you serve the fundamental requirements of a juror. 8 And yes or no. And if the answer is, no, I can't, then I 9 think we're at the point we can reach a decision on the 10 incapacitation. 11 MS. HOLLANDER: It's not necessarily 12 incapacitation, though. 13 MR. WESTFALL: We're all sitting around the 14 table speculating about what the juror means by this note 18:00 15 and what can we do. And Edwards says a trial judge may 16 not be able to assess the competence without exposing the 17 juror's views. So it's the penetration into the secrecy 18 of the deliberations that is going to suffer by us 19 satisfying our curiosity. 20 THE COURT: What if the note means what it says, 21 that this person is sitting in the corner and refusing to 22 participate? 2.3 MR. DRATEL: We don't know why. 2.4 MS. MORENO: And he may want more deliberation. 25 This is the school teacher. I'm sure she is

18:00 choosing her words carefully. Perhaps he or she wants 1 more deliberation, and if you Allen charge them, that 2 3 would remedy that issue and concern and would avoid the 4 pitfalls the court is facing if you go into any --5 MR. GARRETT: Are you suggesting it's a pitfall 6 if the juror says I want more time to deliberate? 7 MR. DRATEL: We don't know that's the answer. would articulate it this way. All the cases, the cases 8 9 cited by the government -- Regardless of which side of the 10 line they fall on, all of the cases stand for the 11 proposition that an inquiry into the deliberative process 12 is a last resort. We haven't gotten to the first resort. 13 It would be turning the whole legal framework as presented 14 in these cases upside down to use the last resort first. 18:00 15 THE COURT: I have never heard the Allen charge 16 referred to as a first resort. 17 MR. DRATEL: If you are trying to avoid the 18 deliberative process and intruding on it, it is certainly 19 a prior resort to bringing in a juror and getting into 20 those questions. You know, I don't see how you fashion a set of questions that doesn't get into it. 21 2.2 MS. SHAPIRO: What all the cases agree on is there needs to be a factual record. In each case the 23 2.4 judge went back --25 MR. DRATEL: Not necessarily. Some of the cases

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the judge did other things first. The judge re-instructed the juror. The judge did other things in some of the cases.

THE COURT: I wanted to refresh my memory what the modified Allen charge says because it's been a while since I have given it.

I'll have to say this issue is really unprecedented in my experience, and I have not really found clear guidance in the case law which I did look at some myself before I received your e-mails, and I have not had a chance, as I said earlier, to go through the cases that the parties have cited. But it does seem to me it's going to be difficult if I interview the foreperson and/or the juror who's the subject of this note to fashion questions that do not even inadvertently intrude into the deliberative process of the jury. So it does seem to me that probably the conservative thing to do is to give this modified Allen charge. So I think that's what I will do as soon as we can bring the jury back into the courtroom. This is probably something that I think the defendants themselves would need to be present for. So we need to assemble them, if they are not there.

I also needed to let counsel know -- I was thinking of getting you all together even before the note came today. Since we don't know how long the jury will be

18:00 deliberating, I need to tell you something about my 1 schedule because I am going to be out of pocket myself 2 3 some in the near future, and this week it's fairly 4 minimal. Tomorrow afternoon at three I have a meeting 5 that will probably last an hour or two. So if we get a 6 note there may be some delay in my responding to it. 7 Friday I'm supposed to preside over an annual award ceremony for our court employees in Dallas. I'll probably 9 be out of pocket thirty minutes to an hour for that. 10 the jury is still going on Friday of next week, there is a 11 similar award ceremony in Fort Worth. So I will probably 12 be gone all afternoon for that, and then the following 13 week I'm out of town every day but Friday. So if the jury is still going by then, I need you to be thinking about 14 18:00 15 whether we recess the jury, whether I try to handle the 16 questions by telephone or bring in a magistrate judge or 17 one of the other district judges or what you would like me to do. 18 19 MS. HOLLANDER: And my understanding Monday is a 20 holiday. 21 THE COURT: Yes. 22 MR. WESTFALL: That would be opposed to thinking 23 about flinging myself off a bridge. 2.4

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1	CERTIFICATION
2	
3	I, Cassidi L. Casey, certify that during the
4	proceedings of the foregoing-styled and -numbered cause, I
5	was the official reporter and took in stenotypy such
6	proceedings and have transcribed the same as shown by the
7	above and foregoing Pages 1 through 17 and that said
8	transcript is true and correct.
9	
10	I further certify that the transcript fees and format
11	comply with those prescribed by the court and the Judicial
12	Conference of the United States.
13	
14	
15	s/Cassidi L. Casey
16	CASSIDI L. CASEY UNITED STATES DISTRICT REPORTER
17	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION
18	CSR NUMBER 1703
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